Poecilmitis. After taking into account all relevant factors, the impression has been that this insect could best be accorded specific status.

It is necessary to state that the light, silvery-blue areas are not clearly demarked in the males figured in the plate, as a result of "flash" photographs.

Thanks are due, finally, to Mr. W. H. Henning for kindly furnishing topotypical males of *P. lysander* (found by Messrs. G. A. and S. F. Henning, and I Bampton) for the present study.

FIRST (?) KENT RECORDS OF TWO SPECIES OF GALERUCINAE (COL.: CHRYSOMELIDAE). — Lochmaea suturalis Thoms.: there seems, strangely, to be no published record of this widespread species for Kent — at least, I have no note of any. Its scarcity in the county is doubtless due to the fact that its foodplant, heather, is not a common Kentish plant. I should, therefore, remark that I have taken odd specimens of the beetle on two or three occasions at Petts Wood, Chislehurst, a little south-east of the London county boundary: the first as long ago as April 1929, on a young hawthorn just coming into leaf, and others in later years by sweeping or grubbing in heathery spots. L. suturalis, as might be expected, is far more common in Surrey, and the same applies to the very similar but much paler sallow-feeding L. capreae L. (for which the V.C.H. list for Kent gives "Rochester district" only).

Galerucella pusilla Duft.: I took this insect in the marshes of the river Stour at Fordwich, near Canterbury, 9.ix.68, which again would appear to be the first Kent record; though it must almost surely have been taken before in the county, but perhaps confused with allied species — the genus being a rather difficult one. G. pusilla most resembles a small, short, and pale G. calmariensis L. I have met with it also at Bookham Common (Surrey), Amberley (Sussex), Wicken Fen, and in the New Forest. Joy (1932, Pract. Handb. Brit. Beetles, 1:404) marks it as rare, but I have found it in more localities than several of its congeners. — A. A. ALLEN.

CERCYON LAMINATUS SHP. (COL.: HYDROPHILIDAE) AT CHARLTON, S.E. (N.W. KENT.) — As this colonist from Japan is so far known in Britain only from Blackheath, S.E., and single localities in Bucks. and Hants. (cf. Allen, 1969, *Ent. Rec.*, **81**: 211-2; Appleton, 1972, *Ent. mon Mag.*, **108**: 45), it seems desirable to report the finding of a dead example in a bowl full of specimen tubes in my study, several weeks ago, here at Charlton $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Blackheath. Its presence in this odd situation is easily explained. The rather few British captures hitherto have all been made at m.v. lamps, and I had been running mine not many days before the insect was found — the bowl of tubes being always taken up to the lamp room on these occasions. The *Cercyon* must have dropped into it unseen, where, unable to escape, it had ultimately perished. — A. A. ALLEN.